From Anatomy to Physiology in Medical Visualization

Helwig Hauser University of Bergen

These 30 mins.

Motivation

Physiology

Capturing physiology

- data
- models

Selected examples

- hemodynamics in aneurysms (Preim et al.)
- tissue perfusion (Hauser et al.)
- functional brain studies (Lundervold et al.)
- protein-ligand binding (Byška et al.)

Challenges





Medicine—it's about the *living* patient!

- focus on the physiological (dys-)function
- relates to anatomy, often, of course, but goes much further beyond

Visualization—substantial challenges!

- time-dependent phenomena
- multi-scale phenomena, both in space & time
- heterogeneous data (and models)
- multi-disciplinary

Physiology

Definition(s):

- ... the mechanical, physical, and biochemical functions of humans, their organs, and the cells...
- ... specific characteristics and mechanisms of the human body that make it a living being
- ... life processes

As compared to anatomy:

... the shape and structure of living things



Guyton and Hall Textbook:

- Cell physiology
- Membrane, Nerve and Muscle physiology
- Metabolism and temperature regulation
- Heart physiology
- The circulation
- The body fluids and kidneys
- Blood Cells, Immunity, and Blood Clotting
- Respiration
- Aviation, Space and Deep-Sea-Diving physiology
- The Nervous System and Sensory physiology
- The Nervous System: The special senses
- Motor and Integrative neurophysiology
- Gastrointestinal physiology
- Endocrinology and Reproduction
- Sport physiology

Capturing Physiology

Data

- functional imaging like fMRI, PET, CEUS, ...
- numerical simulation as from blood flow simulation

Models

- physical models, e.g., kinematic models
- biochemical models, e.g., pathway models



[Kassam et al., 2013; PLOS one]





Data Acquisition—Functional Imaging



Cellular physiology	Nerve, muscle, membrane	Metabolism	Heart physiology	Blood circulation
Microscopy	Microscopy	Microscopy, PET, SPECT	Ultrasound, CT, MR, ECG, PET, SPECT	Ultrasound, MR, CFD
Micro circulation	Body fluids and kidneys	Blodd cells and immunity	Respiration	Gastro- intestinal
Ultrasound, MR, CT	MR	?	CT, MR, US	US, MR, CT
Brain	Endocrinology & reproduction	Sport physiology	Aviationn, space, deep-sea phys.	Kinematics
fMRI, EEG (PET/SPECT)	?	ECG, GPS, WattMeters, other sensors	?	Tracking sensors

Data Acquisition—Functional Imaging





[Mesoscope.org, Johnson et al.]

Modeling Physiology—Physiome



Multi-scale modeling of human phyisology



Hunter et al., 2002

Approaches vs. Scale



Physiological Modeling Pipeline



Imaging & visualization \rightarrow mental model \rightarrow model formalization \rightarrow model definition \rightarrow quantitative results



Image courtesy of Edda Klipp

Example: Studying Aneurysms



Hemodynamics important for rupture risk assessment

- anatomical imaging
- geometric vessel reconstruction
- gridding & numerical simulation
- joint visualization



[SimVis 2008]



Example: Studying Tissue Perfusion



VRVis



 Computer Graphics Forum 27(5):775-782, 2008 (35° cited)
Oeltze, Doleisch, Hauser, Muigg, Preim: Interactive Visual Analysis of Perfusion Data. IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics 13(6):1392–1399, 2007 (29* cited)

Quantitative Perfusion Analysis



Example: Functional Brain Studies





Brain-behavior relationship



From Lundervold, 2014: Cortico-strial connection and cognition



Ystad et al. Neuroimage 2010 Suppl. Fig 4 FA = Fractional anisotropy (DTI); FNC = Functional network connectivity (rs-fMRI)

Example: Ligand Docking



Fri., first session! Jan Byška et al.



AnimoAminoMiner





Further examples



Pathways

- Lex et al., 2013-



Kinematics

- Krekel et al., 2006-



Large Field of Research Opportunities



Cellular physiology	Nerve, muscle, membrane	Metabolism	Heart physiology	Blood circulation
		For parameter and the second s	Frame - 25	
Micro	Body fluids and	Blodd cells and	Respiration	Gastro-
circulation	kidneys	immunity		intestinal
Brain	Endocrinology	Sport	Aviationn, space,	Kinematics
	& reproduction	physiology	deep-sea phys.	
÷\$\$\$\$\$\$ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
		A Construction of the second s		

Challenges

Multi-scale visualization

- both in space and time
- truly many scales

Long time sequences

- for ex., MD (molecular dynamics)

Model-based visualization

- integration of data and models
- bridging missing information

Systematic approach

complementing reductionism



from Lundervold, 2014

VCBM 2016, together with MedViz



VCBM = Eurographics Workshop on Visual Computing for Biology and Medicine

- 2016 in Bergen, Norway
- collocated with MedViz 2016, a >100 participants interdiscipl. meeting of medicine & techn.
- important dates:
 - June, 2016: full paper deadline
 - Sept. 7–9, 2016: workshop







You!

Paolo Angelelli (physiology visualization), Atle Bjørnerud (brain perfusion), Jan Byška et al. (ligand binding), Helmut Doleisch et al. (SimVis), Sylvia Glasser (brain perfusion), Erlend Hodneland (kidney perfusion), Ivan Kolesár (illustrating physiology), Arvid Lundervold (computational medicine), Kim Nylund et al. (CEUS), Steffen Oeltze-Jafra (perfusion), Bernhard Preim (MedViz), et al.